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# hpproj Documentation

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HealPixProjection is a project to allow easy and efficient projection of healpix maps onto planar grids. It can be used as a standalone program `hproj.cutsky()`

```
$ cutsky 0.0 0.0 --mapfilenames HFI_SkyMap_857_2048_R2.00_full.fits
```

or as a python module

```
from hproj import cutsky
result = cutsky([0.0, 0.0], maps={'HFI 857':
                                   {'filename': 'HFI_SkyMap_857_2048_R2.00_full.fits'}
                                   } )
```



# CHAPTER 1

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## Features

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- Galactic and equatorial system supported
- All projection system from `wcs`
- Project several healpix maps at once, efficiently !
- Output in `fits`, `png` or `votable` for the central point source photometry

See usage for more information on how to use `cutsky`





## CHAPTER 2

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### Installation

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Install hpproj using pip :

```
$ pip install hpproj
```

or by running setuptools on [source](#). For more information see the installation page.



## CHAPTER 3

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### Contribute

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- [Issues Tracker](#)
- [Source Code](#)



## CHAPTER 4

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Support

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If you are having issues, please let us know.



## CHAPTER 5

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### License

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This project is licensed under the LGPL+3.0 license.





## 6.1 Installation

hpproj is tested against python 2.7 and 3.5 and can be installed using *pip* or from *source*

### 6.1.1 pip

This will install the latest release of hpproj

### 6.1.2 source

```
$ git clone https://git.ias.u-psud.fr/abeelen/hpproj.git
$ cd hpproj
$ python setup.py install
```

This will install the master tree of hpproj. It is probably wiser to checkout a specific version before installation

```
$ git clone https://git.ias.u-psud.fr/abeelen/hpproj.git
$ cd hpproj
$ git checkout 0.4
$ python setup.py install
```

### 6.1.3 Dependencies

hpproj require the following librairies

- numpy>=1.11
- matplotlib>=1.5
- astropy>=1.2

- healpy>=1.9
- photutils>=0.2
- wcsaxes>=0.9

The specific versioning are those you are being used in the test suit. Both *pip* and *source* install should install those library if they are missing.

## 6.2 Usage

There is two main way to use `hproproj`, the first way is to use the standalone program on the command line, this will efficiently produce cuts for similar maps, or use it programmatically from within a python script or program which will offer an additional speed-up on high memory system.

### 6.2.1 From the command line - `cutsky`

The command line program is called *cutsky* and takes 3 arguments at minimum, the longitude and latitude of the desired projection (by default in galactic coordinate, but see below) and a list of healpix map to cut from :

```
$ cutsky 0.0 0.0 --mapfilenames data/HFI_SkyMap_100_2048_R2.00_full.fits data/HFI_
↳ SkyMap_857_2048_R2.00_full.fits
```

by default this will produce two png files centered on galactic longitude and latitude (0,0). Fits images of central photometries can be obtain using the `--fits` or `--phot` options. Help on *cutsky* can be obtain by

```
$ cutsky -h

usage: cutsky [-h] [--npix NPIX | --radius RADIUS] [--pixsize PIXSIZE]
              [--coordframe {galactic,fk5}]
              [--ctype {AZP,SZP,TAN,STG,SIN,ARC,ZPN,ZEA,AIR,CYP,CEA,CAR,MER,COP,COE,
↳ COD,COO,SFL,PAR,MOL,AIT,BON,PCO,TSC,CSC,QSC,HPX,XPH}]
              [--mapfilenames MAPFILENAMES [MAPFILENAMES ...]] [--fits]
              [--png] [--votable] [--outdir OUTDIR] [-v | -q] [--conf CONF]
              lon lat
```

Reproject the spherical sky onto a plane.

positional arguments:

lon	longitude of the projection [deg]
lat	latitude of the projection [deg]

optional arguments:

-h, --help	show this help message and exit
--npix NPIX	number of pixels (default 256)
--radius RADIUS	radius of the requested region [deg]
--pixsize PIXSIZE	pixel size [arcmin] (default 1)
--coordframe {galactic,fk5}	coordinate frame of the lon. and lat. of the projection and the projected map (default: galactic)
--ctype {AZP,SZP,TAN,STG,SIN,ARC,ZPN,ZEA,AIR,CYP,CEA,CAR,MER,COP,COE, COD, COO, SFL, ↳ PAR,MOL,AIT,BON,PCO,TSC,CSC,QSC,HPX,XPH}	any projection code supported by wcslib (default:TAN)

input maps:

one of the two options must be present

```

--mapfilenames MAPFILENAMES [MAPFILENAMES ...]
                                absolute path to the healpix maps
--conf CONF                     absolute path to a config file

output:
--fits                          output fits file
--png                           output png file (Default: True if nothing else)
--votable                       output votable file
--outdir OUTDIR                 output directory (default:..)

general:
-v, --verbose                   verbose mode
-q, --quiet                     quiet mode

```

It takes two float arguments, the latitude and longitude center of the requested projection, either in galactic or equatorial coordinate frame (controled by the `--coordframe` option) and a list of healpix maps, either on the command line with the `--mapfilenames` argument or describe in a config file (with the `--conf` option). Several other optional arguments can also be set like `--npix` the number of pixels, their size (`--pixsize`) or the projection type `--ctype`.

The cutted maps can be saved as fits (`--fits`) or png (`--png`) and central circular aperture photometry can be performed and saved as a votable (`--votable`). The output products directory can be tune using the `--outdir` option. All theses options can also be provided by the config file.

The config file follows a simple ini syntax with a global section `[cutsky]` to gather all previous options. The rest of the sections is used to describe the healpix maps used by `cutsky`. The section name `[test]` will be used as a legend and index by `cutsky`.

```

[cutsky]
npix = 256
pixsize = 2
coordframe = galactic
png = True

[SMICA]
filename = hproj/data/CMB_I_SMICA_128_R2.00.fits
doCut = False

[HFI 100]
filename = hproj/data/HFI_SkyMap_100_128_R2.00_RING.fits

[HFI 857]
filename = hproj/data/HFI_SkyMap_857_128_R2.00_NESTED.fits
doCut = True
doContour = True

```

## 6.2.2 As a function call - `cutsky()`

It is also possible to call `cutsky` from a python program or script, as a function :

```

from hproj import cutsky
result = cutsky([0.0, 0.0], maps=[ ( 'data/HFI_SkyMap_100_2048_R2.00_full.fits', {
    ↪ 'legend': 'HFI 100' } ),
                                   ( 'data/HFI_SkyMap_857_2048_R2.00_full.fits', {
    ↪ 'legend': 'HFI 857', 'doContour': True } ) ] )

```

The first argument is the latitude and longitude of the requested maps, by default in galactic frame (see the `coordframe` keyword), and the `maps` list define the healpix maps.

This will produce a list of dictionaries containing 4 keys:

- `legend`,
- `fits` an `~astropy.io.fits.ImageHDU`,
- `png`, a b61encoded png image of the fits
- `phot`, the corresponding photometry

Additional parameters can be passed to the function :

- `patch=[256, 1]` : the size of the patch in pixel, and the size of the pixels in arcmin
- `ctype='TAN'` : the desired type of projection

### 6.2.3 As an object - CutSky

It is however more efficient to use `cutsky` as an object :

```
from hproj import CutSky
cutsky = CutSky([ ( 'hproj/data/HFI_SkyMap_100_2048_R2.00_full.fits', {'legend':
↪ 'HFI 100'} ) ),
                 ( 'hproj/data/HFI_SkyMap_857_2048_R2.00_full.fits', {'legend':
↪ 'HFI 857', doContour: True} ) ], low_mem=False)

lonlat = [0.0, 0.0]
result = cutsky.cut_fits(lonlat) # Will only produce the 'fits' key
result = cutsky.cut_png(lonlat)  # Will only produce the 'png' key (and 'fits' if_
↪ absent)
result = cutsky.cut_phot(lonlat) # Will only produce the 'phot' key (and fits' if_
↪ absent)
```

The result product should be similar to the `cutsky()` function. However with the `low_mem` keyword the healpix maps will be read only once in memory, for all `cut_*` calls. Similar to `cutsky()` several keyword parameters can be passed to `CutSky()` :

- `npix=256` : the size of the patch in pixels
- `pixsize=1` : the size of the pixels in arcmin
- `ctype='TAN'` : the desired type of projection

### 6.2.4 Limitations

All the healpix maps *must* have a proper header defining their :

- frame using the `COORDSYS` keyword,
- order using the `ORDERING` keyword.

## 6.3 Visualization

The `HealPixProjection` routines can easily be used to display a full sky map with different projections. In the `hproj.visu` module, several projection have been implemented

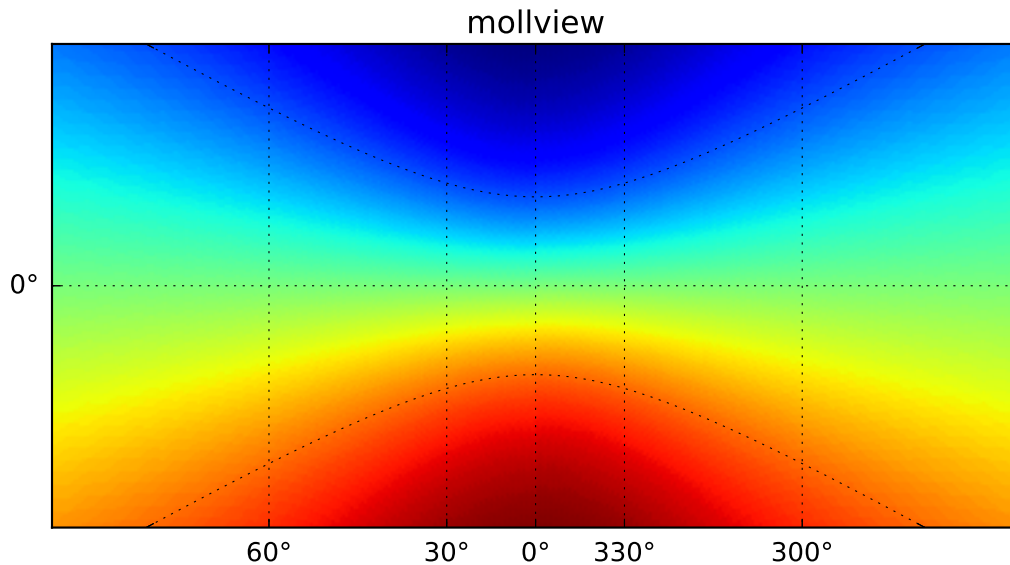
```

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import healpy as hp
from astropy.wcs import WCS
from hproj import mollview

# Ring like healpix map
nside = 2**6
hp_map = np.arange(hp.nside2npix(nside))
hp_header = {'NSIDE': nside,
             'ORDERING': 'RING',
             'COORDSYS': 'G'}

# Projection of the map and plotting
_ = mollview(hp_map, hp_header)
fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add_subplot(1,1,1, projection=WCS(_.header))
ax.imshow(_.data, origin='lower', interpolation='none')
ax.grid()
ax.set_title('mollview')

```



Note that these maps have a proper WCS header and thus can be easily used to overplot markers and artists. Different type of projections have been implemented

## 6.4 API

### 6.4.1 cutsky

cutsky module, mainly use `hproj.hp_helper` functions

**class** `hproj.cutsky.CutSky` (*maps=None, npix=256, pixsize=1, ctype='TAN', low\_mem=True*)  
Container for Healpix maps and cut\_\* methods  
...

#### Attributes

<b>npix</b>	(int) the number of pixels for the square maps
<b>pixsize</b>	(float) the size of the pixels [arcmin]
<b>ctype</b>	(str) a valid projection type (default : TAN)
<b>maps</b>	(dictionnary) a grouped dictionnary of gen_hmap tuples (filename, map, header) (see :func:~init)

#### Methods

**cut** (*cut\_type, \*\*kwargs*)  
helper function to cut into the maps

**Parameters** **cut\_type** : str (fits|png|phot|votable)  
define what to cut\_type

**lonlat** : array of 2 floats  
the longitude and latitude of the center of projection [deg]

**coordframe** : str  
the coordinate frame used for the position AND the projection

**maps\_selection** : list  
optionnal list of the 'legend' or filename of the map to select a sub-sample of them.

**Returns** list of dictionnaries  
the dictionnary output depends on cut\_type

**cut\_fits** (*lonlat=None, coordframe='galactic', maps\_selection=None*)  
Efficiently cut the healpix maps and return cutted fits file with proper header

**Parameters** **lonlat** : array of 2 floats  
the longitude and latitude of the center of projection [deg]

**coordframe** : str  
the coordinate frame used for the position AND the projection

**maps\_selection** : list  
optionnal list of the 'legend' or filename of the map to select a sub-sample of them.

**Returns** list of dictionnaries

the dictionary has 2 keys : \* 'legend' (the opts{'legend'} see \_\_init()) \* 'fits' an ImageHDU

**cut\_phot** (*lonlat=None, coordframe='galactic', maps\_selection=None*)

Efficiently cut the healpix maps and return cutted fits file with proper header and corresponding photometry

**Parameters** **lonlat** : array of 2 floats

the longitude and latitude of the center of projection [deg]

**coordframe** : str

the coordinate frame used for the position AND the projection

**maps\_selection** : list

optionnal list of the 'legend' or filename of the map to select a sub-sample of them.

**Returns** list of dictionaries

the dictionary has 3 keys : \* 'legend' (the opts{'legend'} see \_\_init()), \* 'fits' an ImageHDU, \* 'phot', the corresponding photometry

**cut\_png** (*lonlat=None, coordframe='galactic', maps\_selection=None*)

Efficiently cut the healpix maps and return cutted fits file with proper header and corresponding png

**Parameters** **lonlat** : array of 2 floats

the longitude and latitude of the center of projection [deg]

**coordframe** : str

the coordinate frame used for the position AND the projection

**maps\_selection** : list

optionnal list of the 'legend' or filename of the map to select a sub-sample of them.

**Returns** list of dictionaries

the dictionary has 3 keys : \* 'legend' (the opts{'legend'} see \_\_init()), \* 'fits' an ImageHDU, \* 'png', a b61encoded png image of the fits

**hpproj.cutsky.cutsky** (*lonlat=None, maps=None, patch=None, coordframe='galactic', ctype='TAN'*)

Old interface to cutsky – Here mostly for compability

**Parameters** **lonlat** : array of 2 floats

the longitude and latitude of the center of projection [deg]

**maps: a dict or a list**

either a dictionary (old interface) or a list of tuple (new interface) : ““ {legend: { 'file-name': full\_filename\_to\_healpix\_map.fits,

‘doContour’: True }, # optionnal

... } ` or ` [(full\_filename\_to\_healpix\_map.fits, { 'legend': legend,

‘doContour’: True })), # optionnal

... ] ““

**patch** : array of [int, float] proj\_type.upper()

**if proj\_type not in VALID\_PROJ:**

raise ValueError('Unsupported projection') [int] the number of pixels and [float] the size of the pixel [arcmin]

**coordframe** : str

the coordinate frame used for the position AND the projection

**ctype**: str

a valid projection type (default: TAN)

**Returns** list of dictionnaires

the dictionnaire has 4 keys : \* 'legend' (see maps above), \* 'fits' an ImageHDU, \* 'png',  
a b61encoded png image of the fits \* 'phot', the corresponding photometry

hpproj.cutsky.**main** (*argv=None*)

The main routine.

hpproj.cutsky.**save\_result** (*output, result*)

Save the results of the main function

hpproj.cutsky.**to\_new\_maps** (*maps*)

Transform old dictionary type healpix map list used by cutsky to list of tuple used by Cutsky

**Parameters** **maps** : dict

a dictionnaire with key being the legend of the image : `““ {legend: {‘filename’:  
full_filename_to_healpix_map.fits,  
‘doContour’: True },  
... }`

`““`

**Returns** a list of tuple following the new convention:

`““`

`[(full_filename_to_healpix_map.fits, {‘legend’: legend,  
‘doContour’: True}),  
... ]`

`““`

## 6.4.2 hp\_helper

Series of helper function to deal with healpix maps

hpproj.hp\_helper.**build\_wcs** (*\*args, \*\*kwargs*)

Construct a WCS object for a 2D image Parameters ——— coord : `astropy.coordinate.SkyCoord`

the sky coordinate of the center of the projection

or

**lon,lat** [floats] the sky coordinates of the center of projection and

**src\_frame** [str, ('GALACTIC', 'EQUATORIAL')] the coordinate system of the longitude and latitude

**pixsize** : float size of the pixel (in degree)

**shape\_out** [tuple] shape of the output map (n\_y,n\_x)

**npix** [int] number of pixels in the final square map, the reference pixel will be at the center, superseed shape\_out



**proj\_sys** [str ('GALACTIC', 'EQUATORIAL')] the coordinate system of the plate (from HEALPIX maps....)

**proj\_type** [str ('TAN', 'SIN', 'GSL', ...)] the projection system to use

**Returns** WCS: WCS

An corresponding wcs object

## Notes

You can access a function using only catalogs with the `._coord()` method

`hproj.hp_helper.build_wcs_cube(*args, **kwargs)`

Construct a WCS object for a 3D cube, where the 3rd dimension is an index Parameters ——— coord :  
`astropy.coordinate.SkyCoord`

the sky coordinate of the center of the projection

or

**lon,lat** [floats] the sky coordinates of the center of projection and

**src\_frame** [str, ('GALACTIC', 'EQUATORIAL')] the coordinate system of the longitude and latitude

index : int reference index

**pixsize** [float] size of the pixel (in degree)

**shape\_out** [tuple] shape of the output map (n\_y, n\_x)

**npix** [int] number of pixels in the final map, the reference pixel will be at the center, override shape\_out

**proj\_sys** [str ('GALACTIC', 'EQUATORIAL')] the coordinate system of the plate (from HEALPIX maps....)

**proj\_type** [str ('TAN', 'SIN', 'GSL', ...)] the projection system to use

**Returns** WCS: WCS

An corresponding wcs object

## Notes

You can access a function using only catalogs with the `._coord()` method

`hproj.hp_helper.build_wcs_2pts(coords, pixsize=None, shape_out=(512, 512), npix=None, proj_sys='EQUATORIAL', proj_type='TAN', relative_pos=(0.4, 0.6))`

Construct a WCS object for a 2D image

**Parameters** **coords** : class:`astropy.coordinate.SkyCoord`

the 2 sky coordinates of the projection, they will be horizontal in the resulting wcs

**pixsize** : float

size of the pixel (in degree) (default: None, use relative\_pos and shape\_out)

**shape\_out** : tuple

shape of the output map (n\_y,n\_x)

**npix** : int

number of pixels in the final square map, superseed shape\_out

**coordsys** : str ('GALACTIC', 'EQUATORIAL')

the coordinate system of the plate (from HEALPIX maps....) will be rotated anyway

**proj\_type** : str ('TAN', 'SIN', 'GSL', ...)

the projection system to use, the first coordinate will be the projection center

**relative\_pos** : tuple

the relative position of the 2 sources along the x direction [0-1] (will be computed if pixsize is given)

**Returns** WCS: WCS

An corresponding wcs object

## Notes

By default relative\_pos is used to place the sources, and the pixsize is derived, but if you define pixsize, then the relative\_pos will be computed and the sources placed at the center of the image

hpproj.hp\_helper.**build\_ctype** (coordsys, proj\_type)

Build a valid spatial ctype for a wcs header

**Parameters** coordsys : str ('GALACTIC', 'EQUATORIAL')

the coordinate system of the plate

**proj\_type**: str ('TAN', 'SIN', 'GSL', ...)

any projection system supported by WCS

**Returns** list:

a list with the 2 corresponding spatial ctype

hpproj.hp\_helper.**hp\_is\_nest** (hp\_header)

Return True if the healpix header is in nested

**Parameters** hp\_header : Header

the header 100

**bool :**

True if the header is nested

hpproj.hp\_helper.**hp\_celestial** (hp\_header)

Retrieve the celestial system used in healpix maps. From Healpix documentation this can have 3 forms :

- 'EQ', 'C' or 'Q' : Celestial2000 = eQuatorial,
- 'G' : Galactic
- 'E' : Ecliptic,

only Celestial and Galactic are supported right now as the Ecliptic coordinate system was just recently pulled to astropy

Similar to wcs\_to\_celestial\_frame but for header from healpix maps

**Parameters** hp\_header : Header

the header of the healpix map

**Returns** `frame` : BaseCoordinateFrame subclass instance

An instance of a BaseCoordinateFrame subclass instance that best matches the specified WCS.

`hpproj.hp_helper.hp_to_wcs(*args, **kwargs)`

Project an Healpix map on a wcs header, using nearest neighbors. Parameters ——— `hp_hdu` :  
:class:astropy.io.fits.ImageHDU

a pseudo ImageHDU with the healpix map and the associated header

or

**hp\_map** [array\_like] healpix map with corresponding

`hp_header` : astropy.fits.header.Header `wcs` : astropy.wcs.WCS `wcs` object to project with

**shape\_out** [tuple] shape of the output map (n\_y, n\_x)

**npix** [int] number of pixels in the final square map, superseed shape\_out

**order** [int (0|1)] order of the interpolation 0: nearest-neighbor, 1: bi-linear interpolation

**Returns** array\_like

the projected map in a 2D array of shape shape\_out

## Notes

You can access a function using only catalogs with the `._coord()` method

`hpproj.hp_helper.hp_to_wcs_ipx(hp_header, wcs, shape_out=(512, 512), npix=None)`

Return the indexes of pixels of a given wcs and shape\_out, within a nside healpix map.

**Parameters** `hp_header` : astropy.fits.header.Header

header of the healpix map, should contain nside and coordsys and ordering

**wcs** : astropy.wcs.WCS

wcs object to project with

**shape\_out** : tuple

shape of the output map (n\_y, n\_x)

**npix** : int

number of pixels in the final square map, superseed shape\_out

**Returns** 2D array\_like

mask for the given map

array\_like

corresponding pixel indexes

## Notes

The map could then easily be constructed using

```
proj_map = np.ma.array(np.zeros(shape_out), mask=~mask, fill_value=np.nan) proj_map[mask] =
healpix_map[ipix]
```

`hproj.hp_helper.hp_project(*args, **kwargs)`

Project an healpix map at a single given position Parameters ——— hp\_hdu : *:class:astropy.io.fits.ImageHDU*  
a pseudo ImageHDU with the healpix map and the associated header

or

**hp\_map** [array\_like] healpix map with corresponding

**hp\_header**: *astropy.fits.header.Header* **coord**: *astropy.coordinate.SkyCoord*  
the sky coordinate of the center of the projection

**pixsize** [float] size of the pixel (in degree)

**npix** [int] number of pixels in the final map, the reference pixel will be at the center

**order** [int (0|1)] order of the interpolation 0: nearest-neighbor, 1: bi-linear interpolation

**projection** [tuple of str] the coordinate ('GALACTIC', 'EQUATORIAL') and projection ('TAN', 'SIN', 'GSL', ...)  
system

**hdu** [bool] return a *astropy.io.fits.PrimaryHDU* instead of just a ndarray

**Returns** *astropy.io.fits.PrimaryHDU*  
containing the array and the corresponding header

## Notes

You can access a function using only catalogs with the `._coord()` method

`hproj.hp_helper.gen_hmap(maps)`

Generator function for large maps and low memory system

**Parameters** **maps** : list

A list of Nmap tuples with either:

- (filename, path\_to\_localfilename, healpix header)
- (filename, healpix vector, healpix header)

**Returns** tuple

Return a tuple (filename, healpix map, healpix header) corresponding to the inputted list

`hproj.hp_helper.build_hmap(filenamees, low_mem=True)`

From a filename list, build a tuple usable with `gen_hmap()`

**Parameters** **filenamees**: list

A list of Nmap filenames of healpix maps

**low\_mem** : bool

On low memory system, do not read the maps themselves (default: only header)

**Returns** tuple list

A list of tuple which can be used by `gen_hmap`

`hpproj.hp_helper.hpmap_key` (*hp\_map*)

Generate an key from the `hp_map` tuple to sort the `hp_maps` by map properties

**Parameters** `hp_map`: tuple

A tuple from `(buildgen)_hmap` : (filename, healpix map, healpix header)

**Returns** str

A string with the map properties

`hpproj.hp_helper.equiv_celestial` (*frame*)

Return an equivalent `~astropy.coordinates.builtin_frames`

## Notes

We do not care of the differences between ICRS/FK4/FK5

`hpproj.hp_helper.get_lonlat` (*coord*, *proj\_sys*)

Retrieve the proper longitude and latitude

**Parameters** `coord`: `astropy.coordinate.SkyCoord`

the sky coordinate of the center of the projection

**proj\_sys**: str ('GALACTIC', 'EQUATORIAL')

the coordinate system of the plate (from HEALPIX maps....)

**Returns** tuples of float

the longitude and latitude in the requested system

## 6.4.3 visu

Series of full sky visualization function, with proper wcs header

`hpproj.visu.view` (*\*args*, *\*\*kargs*)

projection of the full sky Parameters ——— `hp_hdu` : *:class:astropy.io.fits.ImageHDU*

a pseudo ImageHDU with the healpix map and the associated header

or

**hp\_map** [array\_like] healpix map with corresponding

`hp_header`: `astropy.fits.header.Header` `coord`: `astropy.coordinate.SkyCoord`

the sky coordinate of the center of the projection

**npix** [int] number of pixels in the latitude direction

**proj\_sys** [str, ('GALACTIC', 'EQUATORIAL')] the coordinate system of the projection

**proj\_type**: str ('TAN', 'SIN', 'GSL', ...) any projection system supported by WCS

**aspect** [float] the resulting figure aspect ratio 1:aspect\_ratio

**pv** [array\_like] 2x2 PV matrix needed by some projection

**Returns** `astropy.io.fits.ImageHDU`

2D images with header

## Notes

You can access a function using only catalogs with the `._coord()` method

```
hproj.visu.orthview (hp_hdu, coord=None, npix=360, proj_sys='GALACTIC')
```

Slant orthographic projection of the full sky

**Parameters** `hp_hdu` : *class:astropy.io.fits.ImageHDU*

a pseudo ImageHDU with the healpix map and the associated header to be projected

`coord` : `astropy.coordinate.SkyCoord`

the sky coordinate of the center of the projection

`npix` : int

number of pixels in the latitude direction

`proj_sys` : str, ('GALACTIC', 'EQUATORIAL')

the coordinate system of the projection

**Returns** `astropy.io.fits.ImageHDU`

2D images with header

## CHAPTER 7

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### Indices and tables

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